Karuo – the Iberian Secret (Book review)

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With this book I recount my personal experience with the extraordinary discovery. The April 21, 2012 I got something that seemed impossible: Deciphering the Iberian writing. An important finding the universal culture of recent times. From the moment that the work was published “Karuo el secreto ibero” then I became a leading global benchmark in history and linguistics. The innumerable details, explanations, evidence and known meanings never reported before, are must for all those who want to understand the history reference, the ancient and modern language, or even also in the future for those who wish to study and investigate in depth these issues, more if fits since academia.

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To date, the significance of these enigmatic writings not known, although from the Spanish scientific community gave validity to an origin and phonetic unquestionably Celtic. It is an AXIOM. They got it for sure without the necessary checking. These pages show us that there is truth in all this. The transcript resolved entirely “The Bronze Luzaga” provided among other Iberians texts, by my point of view is conclusive and scientifically demonstrable through the roots of proto Greek Phrygian – Lyd-ian – Dorian language contained in the ancient Koine and verifiable in Modern Greek in a high percentage of agreement, and even despite the time has elapsed. The book surprised with how fascinating so unexpected outcome that goes beyond the decipherment of an ancient language. And what’s so special? Well, that is able to answer questions that have been historians, linguists, researchers and experts for decades and never matched answer: Who were the Iberians? How is actually called? Where did they come from? How did they get? Who were their gods? Which scripture are the Iberian and Celtiberian? What is the ancient and unique culture that gave us? Karuo enlightens us and opens our eyes not only to know who were they but to know who we are, the called Western Iberians. All this is implicit in his writing and first sees the light through this essential publication.

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FIRST EUROPEAN PATHFINDER

When we talk about who the primary founders of Europe were, suddenly and almost instantly come to mind without hesitation Greek and Rome. Why? Obviously because its mark as civilizations were so relevant to our culture in the West and that cannot be disputed. However, before these two extraordinary civilizations had to be documented as other very powerful but the lack of written records prevents us to know exactly. We were veiled. Even the classics and inform us of them enough to sense and get to understand his strong preeminence. Previously the bold Greeks and Romans had undefeated for outstanding Phrygian peoples. They were an important civilization, more so in the case of Spaniards, speaking in general terms. Not for nothing are our ancestors: THE IBEROS.

WHO WERE THE IBERIANS?

We know that many of the inhabitants of Minoan Crete migrated to nearby then called Teke peninsula, modern Turkey. Cretans populated regions throughout Asia Minor as La Caria, Mysia, Lycia, Lydia and others. There, right in the northwestern peninsula was Troy. And in those days turn to these latitudes other peoples from the northeast arrived. They came from the Caucasus: Iberia, Colchis and Argveti and were called by the Greeks under the name Ιβηρες “Iberians” because peopled Ιβηρία “IVERIA”. Coincides with the territories we now call Georgia and Armenia, and were closely related to other locations: Sharmatia, Scytia, Didoya and ancient Albania. On this particular Ηρόδοτος “Herodotus”, the father of history called, reported that the natives of The Caria and authentic founders of the region were not exactly Carico as it was understood but Cario. Look, the Carico came from Crete expelled by King Minos and mixed with Cario who came from the ends of the Caucasus. Also joined to them the Lydian’s and Lucian’s and they form one people. That whole region was fully cus-toms and culture Hellas. And even it said that those territories were too poor to sup-port a large population and the minor brothers traveled abroad to build a new future. That this new future abroad and let me announce that we hold today as the Spaniards. They sought new lands perhaps less war and set out to conquer new territories across Europe in both continental and maritime odyssey. When they reached the edge of the known world were installed in an unpublished land where deployed across a New Iberia and this time they settled in the West. There grew and multiplied. The good news came quickly and spread like wildfire among “the peoples of the Sea” and from ports of the Adriatic, Aegean, Black and Caspian lot of ships sailed to these new, more plac-id, prosperous and generous land. Some came with their families, some without, some with orphan girls parents dead in wars. So then the conquerors: the pioneers, settlers and exiles and refugees. With them, now the new Iberians brought their seeds and livestock. They downloaded all his immense culture and language was an Indo – European and since then it was for both: the Iberians East to Iberians West but did write each in their own way, this is the reason why linguists not could ever identify. The presence of Ιβηρες “Iberians” or Ιβηρος “Iberians” dates back to those days: Spanish, Portuguese and part of the Mediterranean are combination practically equal to that of European hunter – gatherers of the Paleolithic and Neolithic period prior ancestry Near East from Anatolia. It’s not something that I presuppose but genetic studies by various American universities guarantee.
THE IBERIAN PENINSULA

On the other hand, the name of βηρία “Iberia” also received the western peninsula. And why is that? Because they knew perfectly that THE IBEROS West were ourselves, the ἱβηρεῖς “Iberians” or ἱβηροῖ “Iberians” from East. Who else? No was taken of the ethnic relationship between western Iberians and Caucasian Iberians. Who would dare openly proclaim that the Spaniards are people of the East? Some ancient historians repeatedly noted the well, albeit to differing as to the exact location. It is known that knew most particularly in Georgia and Armenia. To the extent that it is known that some historians wrote about the desire of Georgian patricians to travel to the Iberian Peninsula and the occasion to visit their kinsmen, blood brothers in Iberian West. Is not it amazing?

And you can see, in April 2012 occurred unprecedented in our world history. I discovered that The Bronze Luzaga written in northern Iberian had its origins in a proto – Greek language, specifically in the Phrygian. An ancient language from Asia Minor. The northern Iberians or called Celtiberians recorded text using an epichorikos alphabet – Iberian own – and the words kept perfect meaning to the proto Greek Phrygian – Lydian – Dorian even content in the Koine roots. They themselves con-firm us the geographer Herodotus and amazed I just give testimony. I find it very exciting, of course. They and not others who tell us to be: ΕΛΑΣ ... ΚΑΡΥΟ : ΤΕΚΕ Σ. That is “Hellenes, Carian from Anatolia” Amazing! But in Spain were authentic illiterate Iberian writing and we could not even suspect, although it was something an-nounced by ancient historians in the East. It was open for centuries, and debate that the researchers could not resolve. They called the insoluble problem of TWO Iberias but the issue was resolved at the time I could read an Iberian sheet: “The bronze Lu-zaga”. Then I could see that was true, that the two Iberias were interrelated and that between these two Iberias finally Europe was founded. The world was ready now for the arrival of the new and modern conquerors.